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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/650,824	08/30/2000	Robert H. Martter	FEC-11704	1229
7:	590 10/04/2002			
Kenneth A Clark			EXAMINER	
Rankin Hill Porter & Clark LLP Suite 700			NORRIS, JEREMY C	
925 Euclid Ave Cleveland, OH			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
0.0,0.0.0.0	11110 1100		2827	
			DATE MAIL ED: 10/04/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/650,824	MARTTER ET AL.					
. Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Jeremy C. Norris	2827					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover shee	et with the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, m within the statutory minimum of vill apply and will expire SIX (6) cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims			rits is				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav	vn from consideration						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18</u> is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,6 and 10-16</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,6 and 10-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3-5,7-9 and 17</u> is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	visional application ha	as been received.	·				
Attachment(s)	•						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

In view of the appeal brief filed on 1 July 2002, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. The new grounds of rejection are set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
 - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2, 6, and 10-16 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 2, 6, and 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,281,770, granted to Kamei et al. (hereafter Kamei) in view of US 4,478,884, granted to Barnes et al. (hereafter Barnes).

Kamei discloses, referring to figures 9A-D, a circuit device comprise of a substrate (26) having a conductive circuit formed thereon and an external electrical conductor (22) attached thereto, comprising a base (26) and an aperture (34) formed in said base, said aperture having mounted thereon a fastener (70), said electrical conductor being soldered (40) to said fastener. Kamei does not specifically state that the substrates comprise a metal base coated with porcelain enamel [claims 1, 11]. Indeed, Kamei generically refers to the substrate as simply a "printed circuit board" (see col. 5, lines 55-60), hence, any known printed circuit board may be used. Therefore, it

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would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time of invention, to use a porcelain enamel coated metal substrate as the substrate in the invention of Kamei as porcelain enamel coated metal substrates are well known in the art to be useable for printed circuit boards, as evidenced by Barnes (see col. 1, lines 10-25). The motivation for doing so would have been to have a substrate with high thermal conductivity to allow for cooling of the mounted components. Furthermore, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Moreover, the modified invention of Kamei discloses that said fastener is mechanically crimped to the substrate [claims 10, 13], wherein said fastener is electrically insulated from said metal substrate [claim 14], wherein said metal substrate comprises low carbon steel (see Barnes) [claim 15], wherein said fastener is electrically connected to said conductive circuit [claim 16], wherein the external conductor is a wire [claims 2, 12], wherein the external electrical conductor is a lead to an electronic component [claim 6].

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 18 is allowed.

Claims 3-5, 7-9, and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Claims 3 and 7 state the limitation "wherein the eyelet is comprised of brass". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed limitations was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by the prior art. Claim 17 states the limitation "said conductive circuit is formed on both of said major surfaces". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed limitations was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by the prior art. Claim 18 states the limitation "having a conductive circuit formed on each side of said substrate". This limitation, in conjunction with the other claimed limitations was neither found to be disclosed in, nor suggested by the prior art.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US 4,765,860

Ueno et al.,

US 5,920,977

Wyckoff et al..

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeremy C. Norris whose telephone number is 703-306-5737. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Th., 9AM - 6:30 PM and alt. Fri. 9AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Talbott can be reached on 703-305-9883. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-0725 for regular communications and 703-308-0725 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

JCSN September 30, 2002

Oltrib. Polani9-70-02

ALBERT W. PALADINI PRIMARY EXAMINER